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St. James's, April 11.

THE University of Dublin having on the 16th Day of February last past unanimously elected His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales to be Chancellor of the said University, did on the same Day nominate and appoint the Reverend Dr. Benjamin Pratt, Provost of Trinity-College in Dublin, and the Reverend Dr. Robert Howard, Fellow of the same College, to wait on His Royal Highness in London, in order to present to Him the Diploma of Election, and also to admit His Royal Highness into the due and full Possession of that Office. Accordingly the said Deputies from the University being arrived in London, with the Reverend Mr. George Berkeley, also a Fellow of the same College, did Yesterday attend in their Habits at St. James's, together with all the Persons of Quality and Distinction of Ireland, at this time in London. They were introduced by His Grace the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury to His Royal Highness, who stood ready to receive them in the Anti-Chamber of His Apartment; and then the Archbishop spoke to this Effect:

'Sir, I humbly beg Leave to present to Your Royal 'Highness these Persons, one the Provost, the others 'Fellows of the College of the Holy Trinity near 'Dublin in Ireland.

'They are deputed hither from the University of 'Dublin, to return the most humble and hearty Thanks 'of that Learned Body to Your Royal Highness, for 'the great Honour You have done them in condescending to accept of the Election they have made 'of Your Royal Highness to be their Chancellor.

'They promise themselves, from Your Royal High-'ness's known Goodness, that You will now permit them to invest You in the full Possession of 'that Office and Dignity, to which You have been 'so dutifully and unanimously Chosen.

Then the Provost proceeded, and made the following Speech to His Royal Highness.

PErmit us, most illustrious Prince, with Hearts full of Duty to approach Your Royal Person. His Majesty's Loyal University of Dublin, *which glories in its most renowned Foundress Queen* Elizabeth *of blessed Memory, aspires now with greater Honour, and zealous for the Dignity and Welfare of their Body, seeks a Head and Governour equal in Birth to their glorious Foundress, the same munificent Patron of Learning, constant Defender of our pure Religion, and bright Example of Virtue; a Character belonging only to Your Royal Highness.*

As this noble View alone fills all their Thoughts, and most agreeably points out their Choice, pardon, most Gracious Prince, the Ambition of their present Address, deign with that Goodness which guides all Your Actions, to receive into Your Protection a Society, which from Duty, Interest and Affection, humbly hopes to be placed under it: That Society wherein His Majesty's faithful Subjects of Ireland *receiv'd those Principles that render them now eminent in the Service of their Country, firm in their Allegiance to their Prince, and unshaken in their Zeal for the Apostolical Faith establish'd amongst them. Here it was they first were taught Obedience to the King; and wisely instructed, that out of the illustrious House of* Hanover, *would come the greatest and the best of Kings.*

Happy indeed were our Presages, and joyful altogether is the Accomplishment of them. Our Eyes behold a Prince now sitting on the Throne of His Royal Ancestors, wise, valiant, just, and magnanimous: A Monarch loaded with all the Martial Glories of the Field, and long distinguish'd for the nobler Arts of Peace and of Civil Government. His early Years He devoted to the Cause of Religion against Turks and Infidels; He afterwards employed His Arms in Defence of the Liberties of Europe, *at a Time when they were in the utmost Danger from Abroad. And now*

new be compleats his Glories at Home, in delivering Britain, *the Bulwark of the Proteſtant Faith, from the inconſiſtent Rule of a Popiſh Pretender. By His Wiſdom, He has defeated all ſecret Attempts; by His Valour conquer'd in the open Field: His Juſtice awes the daring and the violent; His Clemency gains the weak and deluded; His large Revenues he employs in ſecuring thoſe Liberties for whoſe Preſervation His undoubted Title is moſt juſtly founded; and in endowing that Church, whoſe Riſe and Fall, like a true and moſt affectionate Friend, does ever accompany the* Engliſh *Monarchy. A Prince of fewer Virtues might make a Nation happy; but every Quality of His exalted Mind has contributed to our preſent Peace and Safety.*

Forgive me, moſt Serene Prince, that I attempt thus faintly to touch that Great Character, ſo fully copyed in Your Royal Perſon; but there a noble Virtue which adorns the reſt, forbids me in Your Auguſt Preſence, to name thoſe Heroick Qualities which in other Places are the conſtant Subject of our Praiſe and Delight. We congratulate each other on the Felicities of the preſent Reign: A Glorious Succeſſor lengthens out the pleaſing Proſpect; and we ſee our Joy perpetuated in a beautiful Offſpring which fills our Palaces. The pious Care and Example of a moſt excellent Princeſs, inſtills their Parent's Virtues; and Virtue recommended in thoſe lovely Forms, muſt draw the Imitation of all below them. Hence may theſe Kingdoms date a ſecond Reformation from Vice and Irreligion, a Glory which Providence ſeems to have reſerv'd to Your illuſtrious Houſe.

And ſuch happy Aſſurances His Majeſty's Univerſity of Dublin *has conceiv'd of thoſe Bleſſings which will attend Your Royal Family, that joyfully they lay hold of this firſt Opportunity to place themſelves under the immediate Government of it. Not content to ſhare with their Fellow-Subjects the diſtant Influences derived through other Hands, they approach near the Throne, ſubmitting themſelves with the profoundeſt Veneration to your Princely Authority. And moſt willing muſt their Obedience be to thoſe Commands, where private Intereſt cannot mix, or Deſigns be form'd againſt that happy Settlement whoſe Preſervation lies neareſt at all our Hearts.*

Deſcend then, Moſt Mighty Prince, to give us Laws. Ireland *ſubmits its Harp into Your Royal Hands. Rule, inſtruct and nouriſh the attending Muſes; make them the envied Subjects of Your preſent Care, and the lively Image of a happy People. Protect and govern now the Nurſery of that Faith, whereof we daily beſeech Heaven in Sincerity of Heart, to eſtabliſh Your Royal Highneſs, the next moſt Glorious Defender.*

To which Speech his Royal Highneſs was pleaſed to make the following moſt Gracious Anſwer.

I Am very glad the Univerſity of Dublin have given this Mark of their Regard and Affection to his Majeſty's Government and to me, and I don't doubt but it will be conſtantly followed by a ſuitable Zeal and Duty for the future.

I am very ready to take your Univerſity into my Protection, and ſhall accept of this Office as you deſire. You may depend upon it, I will always take Care that the good Intentions and Loyalty of your Univerſity, and of its ſeveral Members, ſhall meet with thoſe Marks of Favour and Regard, which I am perſwaded they will on all Occaſions deſerve.

His Royal Highneſs having ended, the ſaid Deputies did humbly thank his Royal Highneſs for the Honour he was pleaſed to do them in accepting of this Office; and in Purſuance to their Commiſſion, did admit his Royal Highneſs in due Form into the Office of Chancellor of the Univerſity of Dublin; preſenting at the ſame Time the Inſtrument of Election duely perfected in a Gold Box; Whereupon his Royal Highneſs took the legal Oath of Office, which was adminiſtred to him by the Lord Cowper, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, who attended for that Purpoſe, being duely authorized by the Charter of the ſaid Univerſity. The Provoſt and Fellows, and other Members of the ſaid Univerſity preſent, had the Honour to kiſs his Royal Highneſs's Hand, and then withdrew: They did afterwards attend on her Highneſs the Princeſs, who received them very graciouſly; and from thence, with the Gentlemen of Ireland then preſent, they proceeded to Somerſet Houſe, where they were entertained, by his Royal Highneſs's Direction, at a ſplendid Entertainment prepared for that Purpoſe. They had the Honour alſo to be introduced this Day by his Grace the Lord Arch-Biſhop of Canterbury to his Majeſty, and his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive them very graciouſly, and to give them an Aſſurance of his Royal Favour and Protection.

St. *James's*, *April* 16. The following Addreſs has been preſented to His Majeſty.

An humble Addreſs of the High-Sheriff, and Gildable Grand-Jury for the Body of the County of Suffolk, at the Aſſizes for the ſaid County, held at St. Edmunds-Bury the 26th of March 1716. Preſented to His Majeſty by the Right Honourable the Lord Cornwallis.

Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

St. James's, *April* 16. This Day the Lord Arch-Biſhop, with the Biſhops, Prolocutor, and Clergy of the Province of Canterbury, preſented the following Addreſs to his Majeſty.

To the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty.

The humble Addreſs of the Archbiſhop, Biſhops, and Clergy of the Province of Canterbury, in Convocation aſſembled.

May it pleaſe Your Majeſty,

WE Your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Archbiſhop, Biſhops, and Clergy of the Province of Canterbury in Convocation aſſembled, do gladly lay hold on this firſt Opportunity of expreſſing our utmoſt Abhorrence of that moſt unnatural Rebellion, which hath been raiſed and carried on, in favour of a Popiſh Pretender, in ſeveral Parts of Your Kingdom of Great Britain.

An

An Attempt attended with the moſt ſurprizing Aggravations of Guilt and Horror: As engaged in by many who ſtood obliged to defend Your Majeſty, (their rightful and lawful Sovereign) and to oppoſe all Pretenders to Your Throne, by the moſt ſolemn Ties of Oaths and Abjurations: As ſupported by Proteſtants in a joint Combination with Papiſts; who, under Colour of ſecuring the Church of England, endeavoured to ſubject it to the Government of a Perſon trained up in all the Superſtitions of Popery, and in the greateſt Deteſtation of the Proteſtant Religion: And as levell'd againſt a moſt gracious Prince, who hath given ſo many Proofs of a moſt hearty Zeal to make us a happy and flouriſhing People; and upon the Support and Continuance of whoſe Government depends the Preſervation of our Conſtitution in Church and State.

We humbly preſent to Your Majeſty our moſt ſincere and hearty Congratulations upon the Succeſs of Your Majeſty's Counſels and Arms againſt this deſperate Attempt: And adore the wonderful Goodneſs of God in defeating an Enterprize, the Succeſs of which muſt apparently have been the Deſtruction of whatever is moſt dear and valuable to us.

May the ſame good Providence continue to direct Your Counſels, and ſtrengthen Your Hands; and, above all, to guard and protect the Perſons of Your ſacred Majeſty, and Your Royal Family; upon whoſe Safety (under God) we are truly ſenſible that the Enjoyment of all our civil and religious Rights entirely depends.

His Majeſty's moſt gracious Anſwer.

I Thank you heartily for this dutiful and loyal Addreſs, in which you expreſs the juſteſt Indignation againſt thoſe engaged in the Rebellion, and the warmeſt Zeal for the Safety of My Perſon and Government. I doubt not but you will all in your ſeveral Stations take all Opportunities of inſtilling into the Minds of My People the ſame Sentiments of Duty and Affection to Me: And it is with great Satisfaction that I repeat to you upon this Occaſion the ſolemn Aſſurances I have ſo often given, That it ſhall be My chief Care to Support and Encourage the Church of England, as it is by Law eſtabliſhed.

Madrid, April 6. The 4th in the Evening the King and Queen returned to the Palace here from the Diverſions they had been taking at Segovia and the Eſcurial. Orders are now given for their Majeſties going the 15th Inſtant to Aranjues, where the Court will continue a great while. The 1ſt Inſtant the Courier came back from Rome, who had been ſent thither to offer Aſſiſtance to the Pope. 'Tis ſaid, that the Court of Rome declines admitting any Spaniſh Troops, leſt the Emperor ſhould diſlike the bringing foreign Forces into Italy, ſince his Imperial Majeſty thinks he is able himſelf to defend it from any Enterprize of the Turks. News being come that the Marquis of Villadarias, Captain-General of the Kingdom of Valencia, was dead of an Apoplexy, the King conferred Yeſterday that Government on the Marquis of Valdecanas his Son-in-Law.

Ratiſbon, April 9. On the 6th Inſtant the Concluſion of the Dyet was finiſhed for making a conſtant Proviſion for Kehl and Philipsburg; it was carried by a Majority, tho' ſeveral ſtill inſiſt on their Right of Diſſent. By this it is reſolved, that thoſe two Fortreſſes, having in the two laſt Treaties with France been reſtored to the Empire in general, and ſo received by the Ratifications of thoſe Treaties, ſhould therefore be provided for in Time of Peace, as well as of War, at the Common Expence, without loading one State or Circle more than another. But the Queſtion how the Subſidies for this Purpoſe ſhall be levied, and what annual Sum ſhall be given, will not be debated till the Dyet has full Information from the Emperor's General, of the Charges which will be neceſſary to ſecure thoſe Fortreſſes. On the 7th the Miniſter of Holſtein Gottorp preſented another Memorial to the Dyet, deſiring the Aſſiſtance of the Empire in Behalf of that Dutchy againſt the Danes. On the 8th a Letter from the Aſſeſſors of the Chamber of Wetzlar was communicated to the Dyet, wherein they renew their Solicitations for an Augmentation of their Salaries, and for the ſettling a conſtant and a better Fund for the Payment of them: They likewiſe repreſent, that the increaſing the Number of the Aſſeſſors from fourteen, as they are at preſent, to twenty five, would be for the Publick Service in the greater Diſpatch of Buſineſs.

Copenhagen, April 14. Yeſterday Morning the Mails arrived from Norway, which brought us Letters of the 4th and 7th Inſtant. The Subſtance of theſe Advices is, that the Swedes having miſcarried in their Attempts to force the Paſſes of Jarſlow, Larwig, and Brageneſs, began to make ſome Diſpoſitions as if they deſigned to ſecure their Retreat out of that Country. The King of Sweden had given Orders for drawing all his Troops together into one Body the 7th near Brageneſs, which looked as if his Majeſty intended to make another vigorous Puſh before the Succours arrive with the Squadron of Vice-Admiral Gabel. The Loſs of the Swedes in ſeveral Attacks is ſaid here to amount to about 1500 Men kill'd and taken Priſoners. 'Tis aſſur'd, that Forage is ſo ſcarce in thoſe Parts where the Swediſh Troops lye, that many of their Horſes dye for want of Food. We have alſo Advice, that the Troops which Vice-Admiral Gabel went to take on board at Flaſtrand in Jutland were embarked on the 10th, and that the Fleet ſailed the ſame Evening, ſo that we reckon them to be arrived at preſent in Norway. Theſe Troops are to joyn thoſe under the Command of General Lutzau, which are poſted between Brageneſs and Kensberg. After this Junction 'tis expected the Danes will march to attack the Swedes; and People here begin now to conceive great Hopes that the Troubles in Norway will very ſoon be ended. The King leaves this Place to Morrow, in order to have an Interview with the Czar; the Privy-Councellors Wibe and Holſt are commanded to follow his Majeſty. We flatter ourſelves that the Court will not be long abſent, tho' we are not certainly informed how far they will go to meet his Czariſh Majeſty.

Hamburgh, April 17. We have in this Town Letters from Brageneſs in Norway of the 7th Inſtant, which tell us, a Body of Danes under the Command of Col. Othens had attacked and entirely defeated a Swediſh Regiment of Horſe, having taken the Col. Lowen with 4 Captains and 6 Lieutenants Priſoners. Theſe Letters added, that there were about 300 Troopers kill'd and wounded in this Action; and that the reſt, who fled into the Woods, were in danger of being kill'd by the Country-People, who are ſaid to ſpare very few that fall into their Hands. General Lutzau keeps his Poſt near Brageneſs, waiting for the Tranſport of Troops which were daily expected with Vice-Admiral Gabel. And as the Swedes are not in Poſſeſſion of any fortified Place to maintain their Footing in that Country, we are told that they are preparing to retire; and

and for that Purpose were laying Bridges, and had actually one over the Swin-Sund. The King of Denmark set out the 15th from Copenhagen. Our Advices from Dantzick say that the Czar would set out from thence the 21st. 'Tis said his Czarish Majesty designs to go by Stolpe, Stettin, Anclam, Dummin and Gustrow, to Lauenburg. General Dewitz having received an Express at Lubeck, set out immediately for the Camp before Wismar.

Copenhagen, April 18. The Frigat called the White Eagle, which carryed several General Officers to Norway, returned hither last Night; but the News she brought is not yet known. The King went from hence the 15th, but is still in this Island at a Country-Seat. His Majesty intends to be at Sleswig about the 23d, and it is believed the Interview between him and the Czar, will be at Lauenburg. Eight Ships of War are in a Readiness to sail as soon as they have their Compliment of Seamen; and then they will go to join Vice-Admiral Gabel, who we judge arrived in Norway the 14th or 15th.

Hamburgh, April 21. By Letters dated Yesterday from Wismar we have an Account, That on the 18th Instant that Town, and a Fort called the Wallfish, were surrendred. The Particulars of the Capitulation are not all known yet; but we hear, That the Troops which were in Garrison there, are to be Prisoners of War, except 1000 Native Swedes, with a Major-General and 2 Collonels, who are to be sent to Sweden, and to be subsisted at their own Expence in Mecklenburg, till Transport Ships come from Sweden to carry them over. On the 19th, 900 Men of the Confederate Troops took Possession of the Outworks, and of the Lubeck-Gate. The King of Denmark, who is accompanied by his Privy Counsellors Wibe and Holst, are not expected in Holstein before the 24th or 25th Instant. The Czar is expected the 23d of this Month in Mecklenburg.

Ratisbon, April 16. This Morning a Courier past thro' this Town to the Elector Palatin, with the great News that the Empress was happily brought to Bed of an Arch-Duke on the 13th in the Evening. The last Letters from Vienna of the 11th Instant still speak doubtfully of the Rupture with the Port, an Express having been sent to Monsieur Fleischman with new Overtures to prevent it: In the mean time all necessary Preparations are taking in case it should happen; and the Dyet have begun their Deliberations as to the Succours to be furnish'd by the Empire, and it has been resolved to demand particular Orders from the several Courts, whether the Aid should be given in Men or Money, to what Number or Sums, and where and when they should be ready.

Brussels, April 22. On the 19th Instant about 9 a Clock at Night, Count Vehlen received the agreeable News, by a Courier from Dusseldorp, of the Empress's being happily delivered of a Prince: On Notice of which Count Wrangel, Governor of this Place, caused the Cannon of the Town and those of Fort Monterey to continue firing the whole Night. Count Kinigsegg has this Morning received a Courier from Vienna, with the Confirmation of the Birth of the young Arch-Duke Leopold. His Excellency is making great Preparations to give a magnificent Entertainment on this happy and much wished for Occasion. The two Regiments of Imperial Dragoons designed to serve against the Turks in Hungary, are to begin their March on the 25th Instant. The Imperial and Walloon Troops which are to remain in these Provinces after the Departure of those Dragoons, consist of 17600 Men; so that there will be only 400 Men wanting to compleat the Emperor's Quota of 18000 Men to be kept in his Imperial Majesty's Pay in the Austrian Netherlands, pursuant to the Barrier Treaty; and those will be supplied by six additional Companies to Devenitz's and Liederman's Regiments, which are to be augmented each to 12 Companies.

The Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, having receiv'd a Letter Signed J. B. *tending to discover great Frauds practised by Officers belonging to the Revenue therein mentioned, their Lordships do hereby give Notice, That the Person who writ the said Letter, may attend them at the Treasury-Chambers, and shall, in case his Assertions be well proved, receive all fitting Encouragement and Protection.*

Admiralty-

Admiralty-Office, April 16. 1716.

The Right Honourable the Lords Commiſſioners of the Admiralty, having lately received an Account of ſome Irregularities committed by a Commander of one of His Majeſty's Ships, their Lordſhips do hereby give Notice, That if the Perſon who ſent the ſaid Account, will come to their Office, and make out what is therein alledged, he ſhall receive all due Encouragement and Protection.

The Lords Commiſſioners of the Admiralty having on the 12th Inſtant received a Letter dated Thurſday Morning, and Signed W. S. J. *offering to diſcover Bribery, and ſeveral other ill Practices in a Perſon employ'd in the Service of the Government: If the Perſon who wrote the ſaid Letter, will come to the Admiralty Office, and make appear what is therein alledged, he ſhall have all fitting Encouragement and Protection.*

Pay-Office-Horſe-Guards, April 17. 1716.

Notice is hereby given, that full Pay to the diſbanded Officers of His Majeſty's Land-Forces and Marines to the 24th of December laſt, and Subſiſtance-Money to ſuch of the ſaid Officers as were ordered into Quarters, or were in actual Service to the 24th Inſtant, will begin to be iſſued at this Office on Monday the 23d Inſtant, where daily Attendance will be given for this Purpoſe, from Ten a-Clock in the Morning, till Two in the Afternoon.

LINCOLN.

A General Quarterly Court of the Corporation of the Amicable Society for a Perpetual Aſſurance-Office, will be held at Sadler's-Hall in Cheapſide, on Thurſday the 3d of May next, from Ten in the Forenoon till Six in the Afternoon, for chuſing Directors for the Year enſuing: And all Members who are five Quarters in Arrear to the ſaid Society, will be excluded at the ſaid Court by their Names. N. B. *A Liſt of the Members will be ready to be delivered at the Office the 20th Inſtant.*

Advertiſements.

††† This Day is Publiſhed, with His Majeſty's Royal Licenſe, Monſieur de Wiquefort's Ambaſſador, and his Functions. In Two Books. The Firſt treats of the Right of Sovereigns to ſend Ambaſſadors. Of the ſeveral Orders of publick Miniſters. Of the Birth, Learning and Age of Ambaſſadors. Of the Truſt repoſed in them. Their Inſtructions, Letters of Credence, Powers, Paſports, Entries, Audiences, Ceremonies, Viſits, Apparel, Expences, Domeſticks, Privileges, &c. The Second treats of the Functions of Ambaſſadors. Of their Manner of Negotiating. Of their Liberty of Speech. Of their ſecret Services, Letters, Diſpatches, &c. Tranſlated by Mr. Digby. Printed for B. Lintott, between the Temple-Gates; and Sold by W. Taylor, at the Ship in Pater-noſter-row.

*** **The Preſent State of Europe, containing an** Hiſtorical and Political Account of the Intereſts, Pretenſions, and Tranſactions of the ſeveral Courts: For the Month of March 1716. Vol. 27. To be continued Monthly from the Original Publiſhed at the Hague. Printed for H. Rhodes, at the Corner of Bride-lane in Fleet-ſtreet, and the Aſſigns of Eliz. Harris.

THE Manner-Houſe of White Barns in Furnex Pelham, with the Appurtenances, and about 120 Acres of Land; and the Tythes in Furnex Pelham and Furnt Pelham, near Biſhop Stortford in the County of Hertford, of the clear yearly Value of 221 l. held by Leaſe for Lives from the Treaſurer of St. Paul's, London, late the Eſtate of Mrs. Katherine Thompſon, deceas'd, is, by a Decree of the High-Court of Chancery, to be Sold before Henry Lovibond, Eſq; One of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Office in Chancery-lane, London: Where Particulars may be alſo had of the ſaid Eſtate.

THE Leaſe for the Cupilo, or Copper-Works, at Lower Redbrooke in Glouceſterſhire, with its Dependants, are to be Let or Sold to ſuch Perſon as ſhall make the beſt Offer for the ſame, giving or leaving their Propoſals in Writing, ſealed up, and directed for the Governors and Company of Copper-Miners in England, at Mr. Hugh Wynn's in Leadenhall-ſtreet, London, on or before the laſt Day of June next.

THE Eſtate of William Blomfield of Mendleſham in the County of Suffolk, Cheeſe-Factor, to be Sold by the Commiſſioners and Aſſignee under a Commiſſion of Bankrupcy lately awarded againſt him, viz. An Intereſt for Life in a Farm in Stonham-Aſpal, Let at 56 l. per Ann. and the Fee-Simple of a Farm in Ringſhal, Let at 55 l. per Ann. ſubject to a Mortgage to Simon Blomfield, Gent. And the ſaid Commiſſioners intend to meet at Guildhall, London, on Wedneſday the 9th of May next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, to receive Propoſals for the ſame, and to ſettle an Account between the Bankrupt and the ſaid Simon Blomfield, who is hereby required to attend at the Time and Place aforeſaid.

FOr Sale by the Candle. On Wedneſday the 18th of April 1716. at Lloyd's Coffee-Houſe in Lombard-ſtreet, at three of the Clock in the Afternoon, 200 Cheſts of Florence Wine two Years old, 20 Cheſts in a Lot. To be ſeen and taſted in a Vault under the Dwelling-houſe of John White, Eſq; in St. Swithins-lane near Stocks-Market, till the Time of Sale. To be ſold by John Shirley, Broker: To be ſpoke with every Day on the Spaniſh Walk on the Exchange; and before and after, at the New-England and New-York Coffee Houſe behind the Royal Exchange.

WHereas His Majeſty hath been graciouſly pleaſed to grant His Royal Letters Patent under the Great Seal to Mr. Thomas Berry, his Executors, Adminiſtrators and Aſſigns, for the Term of Fourteen Years, for the ſole Uſe and Benefit of an Invention, For the Curing and Buying the Sweepings of all Ships; this is therefore to give Notice to all Perſons, That the ſaid Thomas Berry may be apply'd to about the ſame, at his Houſe called Palatine-Hall, at Deptford in the County of Kent.

ON Thurſday the 3d Day of May next will be Run for, by any Horſe, Mare or Gelding upon the Forreſt of Morſſe in the County of Salop, a Plate of 25 l. Value, each Horſe to carry 11 Stone, and to be kept 8 Days within the Town of Bridgnorth in the ſaid County before the Day of Running, and ſhall be entred at the Rubbing Houſe on the ſaid Forreſt that Day Sevennight before the Day of Running: The beſt of three Heats, as the Articles direct.

A Large Trunk containing Child-bed Linnen, and other things of Value, ſuppoſed to be delivered by Miſtake ſeveral Years ſince, may be heard of by Inquiry at the Golden Head in Bride-lane by Fleet-Ditch.

LOſt out of the Stable of John Waxham at Haggerſton, in the Pariſh of St. Leonard Shoreditch, near London, a black browa Gelding, about fifteen Hands high, eight Years old, a Notch in his Near Eye-laſh, and a white Spot on the Near Side about the girting Place. Whoever brings him, or gives Notice ſo as he may be had again, to the Place aforeſaid, ſhall have 20 s. Reward.

WHereas a Bay-Gelding, between 14 and 15 Hands high, a Saddle Spot on each Side, mark'd with an S on the Outſide of every Hoof, was changed by Miſtake at the Star-Inn in Oxford, as ſuppoſed, the 31ſt of March laſt. If the Perſon who took him, will give Notice to Henry Newton, at the Bull-and-Mouth-Inn in Bloomſbury-Market, ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have reaſonable Charges, and his own Horſe again.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded againſt James Smyth of Seaford, in the County of Suſſex, Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners on the 20th and 25th of April Inſtant, and on the 17th of May next, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London; at the ſecond of which Sittings the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution-Money, and chuſe Aſſignees. And all Perſons that are indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any Goods or other Effects of his in their Hands, are not to pay or deliver the ſame to the ſaid Bankrupt, or any other Perſon, but who ſhall be impower'd by the ſaid Commiſſioners to receive the ſame.

THE Commiſſioners in the renewed Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt John Hancock, late of the Strand in the County of Middleſex, Hoſier, intend to meet on the 30th Day of April next at three of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guild-Hall, London, in order to make a ſecond Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate: Where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts and paid Contribution Money, are to come prepared to do the ſame, or they'll be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend.

WHereas Giles Smith of Strowde, in the County of Glouceſter, Clothier, hath ſurrendred himſelf (purſuant to Notice) and been twice Examined; this is to give Notice, That he will attend the Commiſſioners on the 30th of April Inſtant, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, to finiſh his Examination; where his Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution-Money, and aſſent to, or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

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